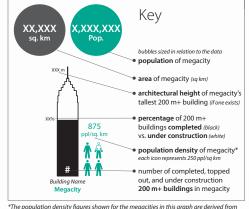
Tall Buildings in Numbers

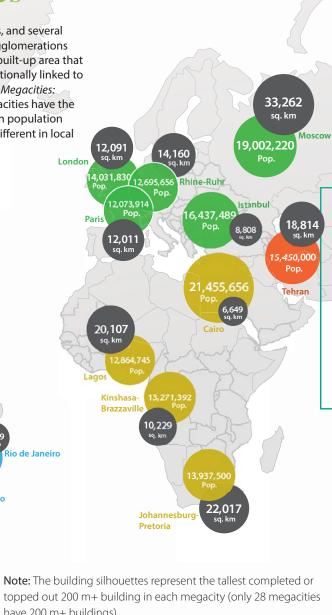
Tall Buildings and Megacities

In this study, CTBUH undertook an examination of the populations, areas, densities, and several measures of skyscraper activity in the world's 45 "megacities" – defined as urban agglomerations with a total population of 10 million people or greater, consisting of a continuous built-up area that encompasses one or more city centers and suburban areas, economically and functionally linked to those centers. The findings, also shown in the accompanying paper in this Journal: Megacities: Setting the Scene (page 30), are sometimes counterintuitive. While the world's megacities have the majority of 200 meter-plus skyscrapers, there is not an obvious correlation between population density and number of skyscrapers. Vertical urbanism, it would seem, looks quite different in local

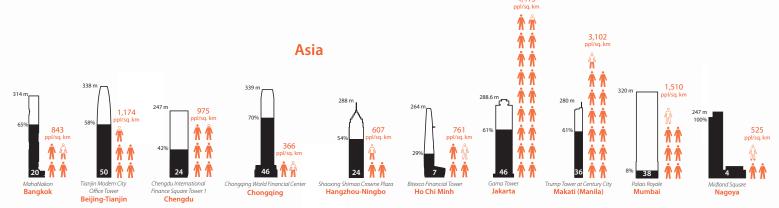




an averaging of density across the entire urban agglomeration, which includes suburbs, semi-rural areas and open spaces located within the existing administrative boundaries of one or more metropolitan areas for each location. As such, densities are not necessarily representative of any particular municipality within each megacity, or the typical density found within the built-up areas of each agglomeration.

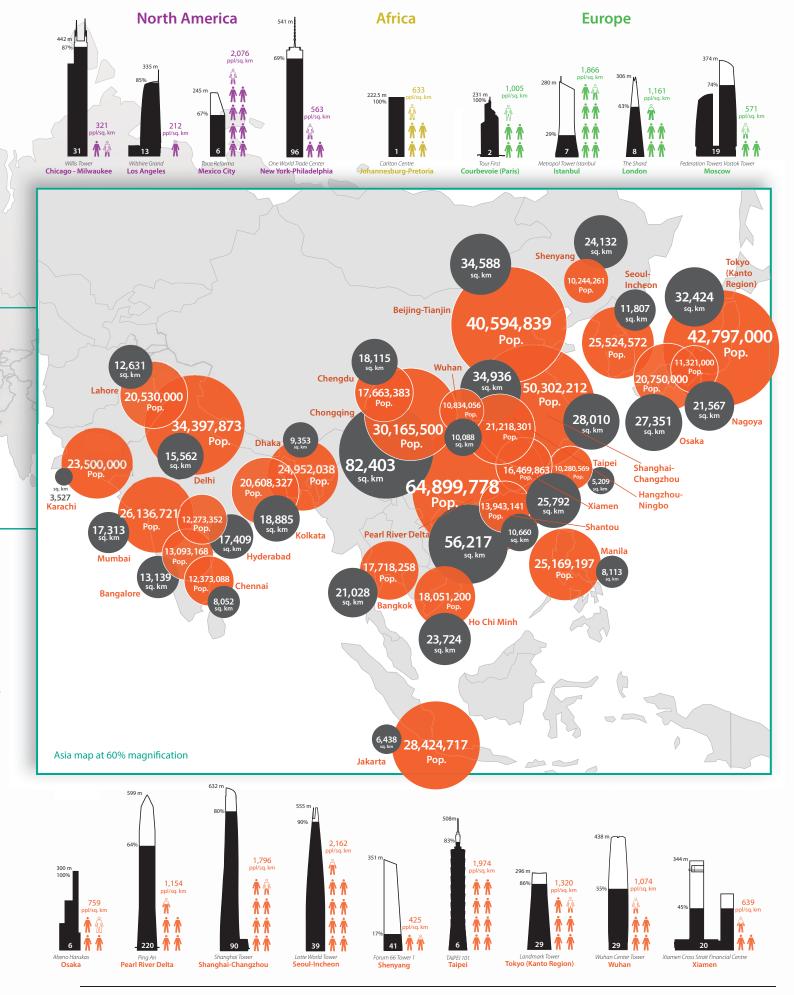


topped out 200 m+ building in each megacity (only 28 megacities have 200 m+ buildings).



29,740,692

5,333,035



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